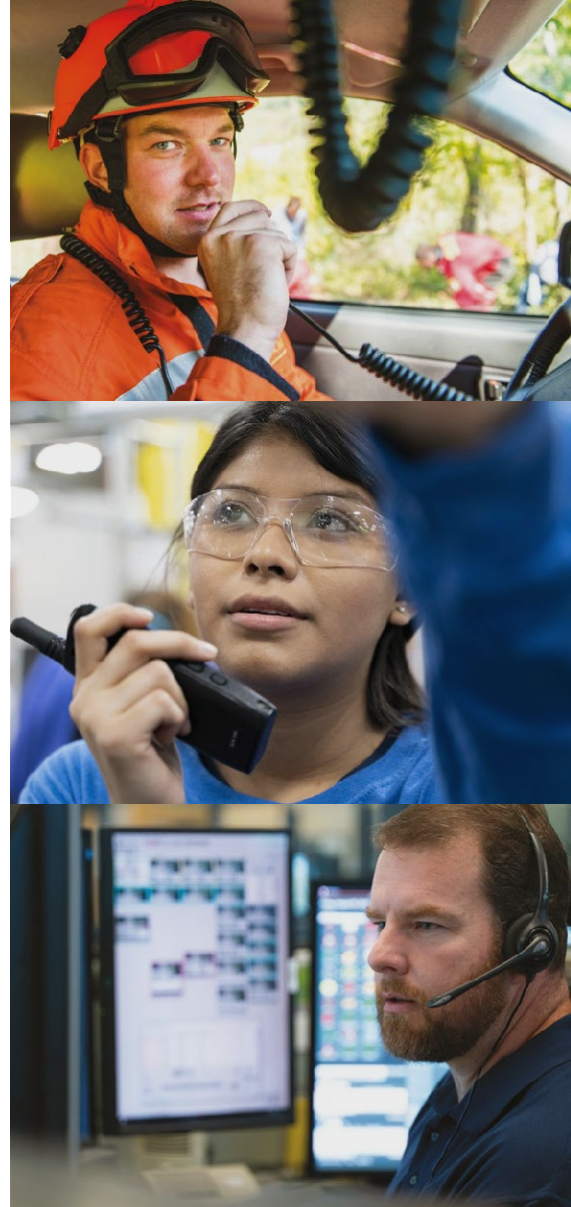
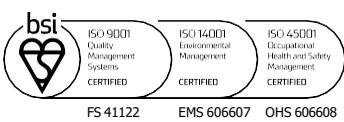


**GDPR Compliant Body Camera Solutions  
and Guidelines.**



**Let's work together.**



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Body Worn Video recording does not fall under the traditional definition of CCTV but many of the same guidelines apply. [Body camera](#) users and data controllers should take into consideration some key points when it comes to collecting and controlling footage captured from body-worn cameras in order to ensure GDPR compliance.

#### **Where can Body Cameras be used for filming and collecting evidence?**

- Body cameras can be used in public places (any location where members of the public are free to go).
- Semi-public places (private property which gives the public access, for example, a train station or airport).
- In any area where a person could assume/take for granted that they are being recorded or monitored by CCTV.
- Anybody taking part in criminal activity or acting antisocially in a public/semi-public space can be filmed without explicitly giving consent.
- In private places such as households, subjects must give explicit permission before recording can lawfully commence.

#### **What data protection guidelines need to be considered when collecting and storing Body Camera evidence?**

1. **Data (footage) should be processed lawfully, fairly and in a transparent manner** – Access should be restricted to footage captured and viewed/controlled by relevant parties only.
2. **Collected for specified and legitimate purposes** – Body camera users should ask themselves what and why they are recording. Is filming necessary? Will these events need to be captured for evidential purpose?
3. **Footage should be adequate, relevant and limited to what it is necessary to the purposes** – footage captured requires enough context to provide a third party with enough information to make a fair judgement of the situation. Footage should not be captured or stored unnecessarily.
4. **Permits identification of the subject's for no longer than is necessary** – footage captured can be stored for a length of time in order to support a case. Unused/irrelevant data can be stored for a period of time, after which, must be deleted.

**For further information or clarification please contact your Radiocomms Account Manager.**